ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

December 31, 2016

### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

December 31, 2016

	Page Number
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)	4
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
STATEMENTS OF NET POSITIONSTATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION . STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWSNOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	13 14
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
SCHEDULES OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE RETIREE HEALTHCARE PLAI SCHEDULES OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY SCHEDULES OF CONTRIBUTIONS	29
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – TRUSTEE HELD FUNDS	
STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION FOR TRUSTEE HELD FUNDS STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR TRUSTEE HELD FUNDS NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	32
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDITIONAL STANDARDS	



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of the New Jersey Health Care Facilities Financing Authority

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the New Jersey Health Care Facilities Financing Authority (the "Authority"), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)**

### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Authority, as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 - 11 and the schedules of funding progress for the retiree healthcare plan, schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability and the schedules of contributions on pages 28 - 30, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Supplementary Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplementary information - trustee held funds section is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The trustee held funds statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the trustee held funds statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)**

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our reports dated May 26, 2017, on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

MERCADIEN, P.C.
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Mercadien, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

May 26, 2017

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

This section of the New Jersey Health Care Facilities Financing Authority's (the "Authority") annual financial report presents management's discussion and analysis of the Authority's financial performance during the fiscal years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015. Please read it in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements and accompanying notes.

### **Financial Highlights**

The Authority's total net position increased \$307,000 or 3.9% Cash and cash equivalents increased \$528,000 or 6.8% Operating revenue decreased \$76,000 or 1.8% Operating expenses decreased \$32,000 or 0.8% Operating income decreased \$44,000 or 14.3%

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This annual financial report consists of four parts – management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information and other supplementary information - trustee held funds. The Authority is a self-supporting entity and follows enterprise fund reporting. Accordingly, the financial statements are presented using the accrual basis of accounting.

### **Financial Analysis of the Authority**

**Net Position** – The following table presents the changes in net position from December 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014:

	2016	2015	2014	Change 2016-2015	% Change
	(\$000)	(\$000)	(\$000)	(\$000)	(%)
Current assets	\$ 13,836	\$ 13,053	\$ 13,653	\$ 783	6.0%
Noncurrent assets	1,175	1,484	361	(309)	-20.8%
Total assets	15,011	14,537	14,014	474	3.3%
Deferred outflows of resources	2,085	1,220	600	865	70.9%
Current liabilities	1,948	2,191	2,251	(243)	-11.1%
Long-term liabilities	6,498	5,679	4,614	819	14.4%
Total liabilities	8,446	7,870	6,865	576	7.3%
Deferred inflows of resources	547	91	275	456	501.1%
Total net position	\$ 8,103	\$ 7,796	\$ 7,474	\$ 307	3.9%

Current assets are comprised of cash and cash equivalents (operating account and Federally Qualified Health Centers ("FQHC") loan program), administrative fees and other receivables, notes receivable, notes interest receivable and prepaid expenses. Current assets increased 6.0% from December 31, 2015 to December 31, 2016. As of December 31, 2016, the majority of the cash and cash equivalents were held in the New Jersey Cash Management Fund ("NJCMF"), a liquid short-term investment vehicle. The yield on the NJCMF at December 31, 2016 and 2015 was 0.53% and 0.27%, respectively. Overall, the operating account cash and cash equivalents increased \$96,000 while the FQHC loan program cash and cash equivalents increased \$432,000.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

### **Financial Analysis of the Authority (Continued)**

The operating account cash and cash equivalents increased due to the collection of semi-annual fees, initial fees and per series fees. The increase in the FQHC loan program cash and cash equivalents was due to the collection of principal and interest payments on two (2) loans in 2016 as opposed to in 2015, when one new loan was issued. The FQHC loan program is further described in Note D to the financial statements.

Administrative fees and other receivables decreased overall by \$11,000. The majority of the receivables consist of the Authority's semi-annual fee billings which had an overall decrease of \$206,000. The semi-annual fee billings invoiced on December 31, 2016 and 2015, totaled \$1,822,000 and \$1,827,000, respectively, or a decrease of \$5,000. Even though several new financings were added to the Authority's portfolio, the decrease in semi-annual fees is due in part to the merger of two large health care systems and subsequent refinancing of outstanding bond issues through both tax-exempt Authority bonds and taxable bonds with other financing entities. Also decreasing was other receivables for trustee fees and reimbursement due from the New Jersey Department of Health ("DOH") and the New Jersey Department of Human Services ("DHS") for services that the Authority provides to those departments. Those receivables increased \$8,000 and decreased \$2,000, respectively. The decrease in the receivable from the DOH and DHS is due in part to the recalculation of fees for financial evaluation services occurring with Authority staff reduction during 2016 offset by the renewal of a one-year contract for construction compliance services through June 30, 2017. The trustee fees receivable fluctuates from year to year depending on the timing of the invoices received from the trustees and the timing of the payments received from the health care institutions with which the Authority has outstanding debt. Finally, the note receivables-designated FQHC loan program decreased due to the scheduled payment of principal for the loans.

Prepaid expenses from December 31, 2015 to December 31, 2016, increased in part due to the recording of the expense for the Authority's Annual Required Contribution ("ARC") for its post-retirement health benefits. Those amounts were \$358,000 and \$307,000 as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. The post-retirement health benefits prepaid balance as of December 31, 2016 and 2015 was \$3,265,000 and \$2,906,000, respectively. For more information on the Authority's post-retirement health benefits refer to Note F to the financial statements. Also, increasing slightly was prepaid equipment/software maintenance and prepaid computer services/software.

When comparing current assets as of December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2015, current assets decreased 4.4%. Overall, the operating account cash and cash equivalents increased \$966,000 while the FQHC loan program cash and cash equivalents decreased \$1,193,000. The operating account cash and cash equivalents increased due to the \$845,000 payment made to the consultant hired in 2014 to conduct a study of the health care services in the Newark area. The decrease in the FQHC loan program cash and cash equivalents was due to the issuance of the 2<sup>nd</sup> loan the Authority provided to Lakewood Resource and Referral Center, Inc. in 2015. Administrative fees and other receivables decreased overall by \$167,000. The semi-annual fee billings invoiced on December 31, 2015 and 2014, totaled \$1,827,000 and \$1,958,000, respectively, or a decrease of \$131,000.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

### **Financial Analysis of the Authority (Continued)**

In comparing the December 31, 2015 billing to the December 31, 2014 billing, even though there were seven financings completed in 2014, there was only a slight increase in the December 31, 2014 semi-annual fee billing due to fees being based on a declining balance calculation, bond issues being partially and/or completely paid off ahead of schedule and three of the new issues refinancing prior issues which does not add any additional fees because it is a refinancing. Also decreasing was other receivables for trustee fees and reimbursement due from the DOH for services that the Authority provides to the DOH. Those receivables decreased \$4,000 and \$38,000, respectively.

Prepaid expenses from December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2015, decreased in part due to the recording of the expense for the ARC for its post-retirement health benefits. Those amounts were \$307,000 and \$294,000 as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The post-retirement health benefits prepaid balance as of December 31, 2015 and 2014 were \$2,906,000 and \$3,214,000, respectively.

Noncurrent assets represent the Authority's capital assets which include furniture, leasehold improvements, equipment and automobiles whose costs are in excess of \$1,000, net of accumulated depreciation, and the portion of the two note receivables dated January 29, 2010 and July 27, 2015 outstanding from Lakewood Resource and Referral Center, Inc. that exceeds one year as further described in Note D to the financial statements. Noncurrent assets at December 31, 2016, decreased \$309,000 when compared to December 31, 2015. The majority of the decrease is due in part to the principal payments of the two FQHC loans to Lakewood Resource and Referral Center, Inc. In addition, although capital asset equipment and furniture were purchased in 2016, the continued depreciation and the disposal of some obsolete computer equipment outweighed the gain. It should be noted that a majority of the Authority's capital assets have been fully depreciated.

Noncurrent assets at December 31, 2015, increased \$1,123,000 when compared to December 31, 2014. The majority of the increase is due in part to the issuance of the 2<sup>nd</sup> FQHC loan to Lakewood Resource and Referral Center, Inc.

Deferred outflows of resources is a result of the implementation of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

### **Financial Analysis of the Authority (Continued)**

Deferred outflows of resources at December 31, 2016 and 2015 totaled \$2,085,000 and \$1,220,000, respectively, which is a decrease of \$865,000 or 70.9%.

Current liabilities in 2016 are comprised of accounts payable, accrued expenses, unearned revenueannual fees and section 142(d) fees. When compared to December 31, 2015, current liabilities decreased \$243,000 or 11.1%. Accounts payable and accrued expenses decreased \$251,000 or 59.9%. The completion of the matters relating to the sale of St. Michael's Medical Center and the December 31, 2015 accrual for legal fees is a major factor in the decrease. Also, the accrual for unused vacation and unused sick time decreased because Staff has been reduced from 24 to 22 due to the retirement of two Staff members and the subsequent reorganization. It should be noted that a retiree is entitled to up to one-half of their accrued sick time; but the amount of the payment cannot exceed \$15,000. Unearned revenue-annual fees increased \$14,000 or 0.8% compared to December 31, 2015. It represents the semi-annual fees billed on December 31, 2016 and 2015, which cover the periods January 1, 2017 to June 30, 2017, and January 1, 2016 to June 30, 2016, respectively. The unearned revenue-annual fees increase is due to financings completed since December 31, 2015. Finally, unearned revenue-section 142(d) fees decreased \$6,000 or 15.0%. Those fees represent the prepayment from a client institution to the Authority in order to compensate the Authority for monitoring the financing completed under section 142(d) of the internal revenue code. An amount is amortized each year from unearned revenue-section 142(d) fees to the section 142(d) fees income account, up to and including year 2022 when monitoring will cease on this particular client institution.

Comparing December 31, 2015 to December 31, 2014, for accounts payable and accrued expenses there was an increase of \$55,000 or 15.1%. The employer pension expense accrual increased and there was the addition of accruals for the bond counsel hired to work on the county Agreements for Greystone Park Psychiatric Hospital and Marlboro Psychiatric Hospital resulting from the 2013 bond financings and for the bond counsel hired to assist the Authority with matters relating to the St. Michael's Medical Center bankruptcy and subsequent sale. These were offset somewhat by a decrease in accrued vacation and accrued wages due in part to a change in the composition of staff resulting from retirements. As part of the change, a position was not back filled and staff size went from 25 to 24. In addition, accrued wages also decreased due to only four days accrued at December 31, 2015 compared to thirteen days accrued at December 31, 2014. Regarding unearned revenue-annual fees, there was a decrease of \$109,000 or 5.9% compared to December 31, 2014. It represents the FQHC annual fee billed on December 1, 2015 and semi-annual fees billed on December 31, 2015 and 2014, which cover the periods January 1, 2016 to June 30, 2016, and January 1, 2015 to June 30, 2015, respectively. Financings completed since January 1, 2003, are billed in advance, excluding the master leasing program which is billed in arrears. The unearned revenue-annual fees decrease is due in part to an institution refinancing their outstanding bond issues through another entity at the end of 2015, as mentioned previously. Finally, unearned revenue-section 142(d) fees decreased \$6,000 or 13.0%.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

### **Financial Analysis of the Authority (Continued)**

Deferred inflows of resources is also a result of GASB Statement 68 and at December 31, 2016 and 2015 totaled \$547,000 and \$91,000, respectively, which is an increase of \$456,000 or 501.1%.

Long-term liabilities represent the Authority's actuarially calculated net pension liability in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement 68. The liability as of December 31, 2016 and 2015 is \$6,498,000 and \$5,679,000, respectively, which is an increase of \$819,000 or 14.4%.

**Changes in Net Position –** The following table presents the changes in net position for the years ended 2016, 2015 and 2014:

		<b>2016</b> \$000)	<b>2015</b> (\$000)		<b>2014</b> (\$000)		2015 2014 2016-2		ange 6-2015 000)	% Change	
Operating revenues	`	, ,	`	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	`	,,,,,	( '	,	(,		
Administrative fees											
Annual fees	\$	3,838	\$	3,919	\$	3,804	\$	(81)	-2.1%		
Initial fees		143		169		108		(26)	-15.4%		
Per series/per master lease fees		75		61		100		14	23.0%		
Mortgage servicing and											
Section 142 (d) fees		24		24		24		-	0.0%		
Note Interest Income Designated											
FQHC loan program		40		23		16		17	73.9%		
Total operating revenues		4,120		4,196		4,052		(76)	-1.8%		
Operating expenses											
Salaries and related expenses		2,561		2,610		2,420		(49)	-1.9%		
General and administrative		569		584		576		(15)	-2.6%		
Provision for postemployment benefits		564		307		294		257	83.7%		
Professional fees and other		162		345		988		(183)	-53.0%		
Bad debt expenses		-		42				(42)	-100.0%		
Total operating expenses		3,856		3,888		4,278		(32)	-0.8%		
Operating income (loss)		264		308		(226)		(44)	-14.3%		
Nonoperating revenues/(expenses)											
Interest income from investments		34		8		4		26	325.0%		
Other income		3		-		2		3	100.0%		
Gain on disposal of asset		6		6		-		-	0.0%		
HIE grant income		-		-		1,837		-	0.0%		
HIE grant expense						(1,837)			0.0%		
Total nonoperating revenues		43		14		6		29	207.1%		
Change in net position		307		322		(220)		(15)	-4.7%		
Net position, beginning of year		7,796		7,474		11,865		322	4.3%		
Cumulative change in accounting principle						(4,171)		_	0.0%		
Net position, beginning of year, restated		7,796		7,474		7,694		322	4.3%		
Net position, end of year	\$	8,103	\$	7,796	\$	7,474	\$	307	3.9%		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

### **Financial Analysis of the Authority (Continued)**

The Authority's net position increased \$307,000 or 3.9% from December 31, 2015 to December 31, 2016. The increase is partially due to the \$32,000 decrease in operating expenses.

By contrast, the Authority's net position increased \$322,000 or 4.3% from December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2015. The \$144,000 increase in operating revenue and the \$390,000 decrease in operating expenses are the main reasons for the increase in the Authority's change in net position. As stated previously, in 2014 the Authority hired a consultant to conduct a study of the health care services in the Newark area and as of December 31, 2014, the Authority had incurred and/or accrued expenses relating to the consultant in the amount of \$849,000. Expenditures of this nature did not occur in 2015.

Operating revenues - During 2016, total operating revenues decreased \$76,000, or 1.8% compared to 2015. Annual fees and initial fees, decreased \$81,000 and \$26,000, respectively, while per series/per master lease fees, increased \$14,000 compared to 2015. Annual Fees decreased due to the recognition of unearned revenue from the December 31, 2015 and June 30, 2016 semi-annual fee billings which were lower than those billed in the previous year. Regarding the decrease in initial fees and the increase in per series/per master lease fees, the collection of those fees can fluctuate from year to year depending on Authority financing activity, the financing needs of the health care institutions, the actual/estimated bond size and the current economic climate. In 2016, six (6) initial fees based on a total estimated bond size of \$1,639,000,000, ten (10) per series fees, two (2) master lease fees and one (1) master lease initial fee were received. Interest received in 2016 was \$34,000 compared to \$8,000 received in 2015. This increase is a function of the variable interest rate on the NJCMF.

By comparison in 2015, eight (8) initial fees were received based on a total estimated bond size of \$1,155,839,000, eight (8) per series fees were received, two (2) per master lease fees were received, one (1) FQHC loan initial fee and one (1) FQHC loan closing fee were received.

In 2014, ten (10) initial fees were received based on a total estimated bond size of \$477,793,000, fourteen (14) per series fees were received and no per master lease fees were received.

Finally, the note interest income-designated FQHC loan program amount is the interest earned on the Lakewood Resource and Referral Center, Inc. loans issued on January 29, 2010 and July 27, 2015, as further described in Note D to the financial statements. In 2016, the interest earned on the FQHC loans was \$40,000 compared to \$23,000 in 2015 and \$16,000 in 2014. The \$17,000 increase between 2015 and 2016 is the addition of the July 2015 loan and the increase in the variable rate charged for the loans.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

### Financial Analysis of the Authority (Continued)

Operating expenses – During 2016, operating expenses decreased \$32,000 or 0.8% when compared to 2015. The majority of the decrease in operating expenses is in the category of Professional fees and other and is due in part to the fees and expenses incurred in the matter of the St. Michael's Medical Center as previously mentioned. There is also a decrease in the category of Salaries and related expenses due to the decrease in Staff. The Provision for postemployment benefits increased due to the actuarial valuation completed for the years 2016 and 2017 in 2016 and the Authority's current policy of maintaining full funding of the Trust. Under general and administrative expenses, decreases were in the areas such as office equipment and software maintenance, rent, electronic data processing, postage, repairs and renovations, transportation, vehicles and archiving.

When comparing operating expenses during 2015 to 2014, there was a decrease of \$390,000 or 9.1%. The majority of the decrease in operating expenses is in the category Professional fees and other and again was due in part to the fees and expenses incurred in the amount of \$849,000 for the consultant hired in 2014 to conduct a study of health care services in the Newark area. Regarding Salaries and related expenses, the increase was due to an increase in employer pension expense and an increase in health benefits.

Nonoperating revenues/(expenses) – During 2016, nonoperating revenues/(expenses) increased \$29,000 or 207.1% due to the increase in the interest rate in the NJCMF from an average of 0.11% in 2015 to an average of 0.42% in 2016, and the receipt of \$3,000 of miscellaneous income. The gain on disposal of assets remained the same as another 2007 Toyota Prius was sold through Govdeals auction site, bringing the number of Authority vehicles down to two.

Interest income in 2015 and 2014 represented interest earned on the Authority's checking accounts and the operating funds invested in the NJCMF which totaled \$8,000 in 2015 and \$4,000 in 2014. The average yield on the NJCMF for 2015 and 2014 was 0.11% and 0.06%, respectively, or five basis points higher than in 2014. The gain on disposal of assets was as a result of the sale of one of the Authority's 2007 Toyota Prius Hybrids through the Govdeals auction site. The other income in 2014 represented funds received from the forfeiture of unexpended Medical Flexible Spending Account funds withheld from an employee's pay in 2013 and from a settlement in a class action suit regarding acceleration issues with certain model year Prius Hybrids.

The HIE grant income and expenses are as a result of the HIE grant that the Authority had received through the American Recovery Reinvestment Act (ARRA 2009) and which ended on March 14, 2014. The income represented the receipt of the grant funds that had been drawn down while the expenses represented distribution of those funds to the grant coordinator – State of New Jersey, to the HIEs created for the purposes of the grant and/or direct payment to the vendors used by the exchanges for grant purposes.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

### **Contacting the Authority's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide New Jersey citizens, the Authority's client's investors and creditors, with a general overview of the Authority's finances. Questions about this report and/or additional financial information should be directed to the Executive Director at NJHCFFA, P.O. Box 366, Trenton, NJ 08625-0366. Readers are also invited to visit the Authority's web site at: www.njhcffa.com.

# STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

	22.42	00.45
	2016	2015
Accests	(\$000)	(\$000)
Assets		
Current assets	<b>A -</b> 100	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,482	\$ 7,386
Cash and cash equivalents - designated FQHC loan program	759	327
Administrative fees and other receivables	1,907	1,918
Notes receivable - designated FQHC loan program	298	390
Notes interest receivable - designated FQHC loan program	3	3
Prepaid expenses	3,387	3,029
Total current assets	13,836	13,053
Noncurrent assets		
Notes receivable - designated FQHC loan program	1,146	1,443
Capital assets	664	677
Less accumulated depreciation	(635)	(636)
Total noncurrent assets	1,175	1,484
Total assets	15,011	14,537
Total assets	15,011	14,557
Deferred outflows of resources - related to pensions	2,085	1,220
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 168	\$ 419
Unearned revenue - annual fees	1,746	1,732
Unearned revenue - 142(d) fees	34	40
Total current liabilities	1,948	2,191
Long-term liabilities	0.400	5.070
Net pension liability	6,498	5,679
Total liabilities	8,446	7,870
Deferred inflows of resources - related to pensions	547_	91
Net position		
Net invested in capital assets	29	41
Unrestricted		
Unassigned	5,871	5,591
Committed - FQHC loan program	2,203	2,164
Total net position	\$ 8,103	\$ 7,796
	<del>+ 2,.30</del>	

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

	2016		2015	
	(	\$000)	(	\$000)
Operating revenues				
Administrative fees				
Annual fees	\$	3,838	\$	3,919
Initial fees		143		169
Per series/per master lease fees		75		61
Section 142 (d) fees		24		24
Note interest income - designated FQHC loan program		40		23
Total operating revenues		4,120		4,196
Operating expenses				
Salaries and related expenses		2,561		2,610
General and administrative expenses		549		571
Professional fees		162		345
Provision for postemployment benefits		564		307
Depreciation expense		20		13
Bad debt expense		_		42
Total operating expenses		3,856		3,888
Operating income		264		308
Nonoperating revenues				
Interest income from investments		34		8
Other income		3		-
Gain on disposal of asset		6		6
Total nonoperating revenues		43		14
Changes in net position		307		322
Net position, beginning of year		7,796		7,474
Net position, end of year	\$	8,103	\$	7,796

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

		2016		2015
	(	\$000)	(	\$000)
Cash flows from operating activities			_	
Cash received from customers	\$	4,101	\$	4,225
Cash payment to suppliers and employees		(4,034)		(3,247)
Net cash from operating activities		67		978
Cook flows from as with and related financing activities				
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities		(0)		(OE)
Acquisition of capital assets		(8)		(25)
Cash received from disposal of assets		6		6
Net cash from capital and related financial activities		(2)		(19)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities				
Note issued to client institution - designated FQHC loan program		_		(1,500)
Note repayments from client institution - designated FQHC loan program		390		286
Interest received on note - designated FQHC loan program		37		20
Other income		2		_
Net cash from noncapital financial activities		429		(1,194)
Net cash iron honcapital infancial activities		423		(1,134)
Cash flows from investing activities				
Investment income		34		8
Net cash from investing activities		34		8
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		528		(227)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		7,713		7,940
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	8,241	\$	7,713
	<u> </u>	-,	_	
Operating income	\$	264	\$	308
Adjustments				
Depreciation		20		13
Net pension expense		411		261
Note interest income - designated FQHC loan program		(40)		(23)
Other Income		3		-
Changes in assets and liabilities				
Administrative fees and other receivables		11		167
Prepaid expenses		(358)		312
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(251)		55
Unearned revenue		7		(115)
Net cash from operating activities	\$	67	\$	978

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### A. ORGANIZATION

The New Jersey Health Care Facilities Financing Authority (the "Authority") is a public body corporate and politic, a political subdivision of the State of New Jersey (the "State") and a public instrumentality organized and existing under and by virtue of the New Jersey Health Care Facilities Financing Authority Law, P.L. 1972, c.29, N.J.S.A. 26:21:1, *et seq.* (the "Act"). The Authority is empowered to provide financing for health care organizations located in the State. In addition, as provided by the Act, the Authority at the request of the New Jersey Department of Health ("DOH") will assist the DOH in the restructuring of the Health Care System of the State as needed. The Authority is a component unit as reflected in the comprehensive annual financial report of the State.

Under the terms of the Act, the Authority has the power to issue bonds to, in addition to other things, construct, acquire, reconstruct, rehabilitate and improve, and furnish and equip projects on behalf of health care organizations. The Authority enters into loan and security agreements, and in some cases, mortgage agreements with designated health care organizations for each revenue bond issue. The loans and/or mortgages are general obligations of the health care organizations. Each of the Authority's issues of bonds, notes and leases is payable out of revenues derived from separate organizations and is secured by its own series resolution, note resolution or trust agreement and is separate and distinct as to source of payment and security, except for certain issues for the same organization or system which may be secured on a parity basis. The Authority assigns the loan and security agreements and, if any, mortgage agreements to the trustee for each bond issue, without recourse to the Authority.

Further, under the Hospital Asset Transformation Program, the Authority, upon written approval of the Treasurer of the State of New Jersey (the "State Treasurer"), may issue bonds in order to satisfy the outstanding bonded indebtedness of any nonprofit hospital in connection with the termination of the provision of hospital acute care services at a specific location that may no longer be necessary or useful for the provision of such care. To secure such bonds, the State Treasurer and the Authority are permitted to enter into one or more contracts providing for the payments by the State Treasurer to the Authority in each State fiscal year, from the State's General Fund, of an amount equivalent to the amount due to be paid in that fiscal year for debt service on such bonds, subject to and dependent upon appropriations being made by the State Legislature for such purpose.

Bonds, notes and leases issued by the Authority are not a debt or liability of the State or the Authority or any political subdivision and do not constitute a pledge of the faith and credit of the State or any such political subdivision thereof, but are special and limited obligations of the Authority payable solely from the amounts payable under each agreement and mortgage and from amounts in the respective debt service reserve funds, if any, and other funds held pursuant to the resolutions, trust indenture, if any, and the mortgage agreement, if any, except as noted under the Hospital Asset Transformation Program and Bond Anticipation Notes. The Authority has no taxing power.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### A. ORGANIZATION (CONTINUED)

With regards to the Authority's Master Leasing Program, health care systems ("Sublease User") can access tax-exempt equipment leases through a pre-arranged master lease financing. The Authority as lessee, approves the system for a total dollar amount, and the system's members enter into leases over a specific period up to an aggregate dollar amount of leases. The system must enter into a master lease agreement with each separate lessor/equipment vendor. Each of the leases is payable out of revenues derived from the Sublease User and is secured by its own Master Lease and Sublease Agreement, and the lease payments are not a debt or liability or moral obligation of the State, the Authority or any political subdivision of the State, or a pledge of the faith and credit or taxing power of the State, or the Authority, political subdivision of the State, but are special obligations payable solely from the sublease payments and other amounts payable under the Master Lease and Sublease Agreement.

The Authority is exempt from both federal and state taxes.

#### B. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### **Basis of Accounting**

In its accounting and financial reporting, the Authority follows the pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). GASB is the accepted standards setting body for establishing government accounting and financial reporting principles. The accounts are maintained on the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

### **Operating Revenues and Expenses**

Operating revenues and expenses result from providing services to various health care organizations in connection with the issuance of bonds, notes, and/or leases. The Authority's principal operating revenues are the administrative fees that it charges these entities as further explained under revenue recognition. Such fees are recognized when earned. Operating expenses include administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

### **Revenue Recognition**

#### Administrative Fees

The Authority charges an upfront fee comprised of an initial fee, per series fee or per master lease fee to those health care organizations that have executed a Memorandum of Understanding signifying the organization's intentions to have the Authority finance a project through the issuance of bonds, notes or through the entering of a master lease. A separate application fee is charged to those health care organizations who wish to finance a project through the issuance of a Capital Asset Program Loan. An annual fee is also charged to those health care organizations for which bond sales, note sales and/or lease agreements have been completed. Such fees are charged for the processing of project costs, investment management of bond proceeds, monitoring of financial

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### **B. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

### **Revenue Recognition (Continued)**

### Administrative Fees (Continued)

performance and other services provided to the organizations. For the Authority's Federally Qualified Health Centers ("FQHCs") loan program, an initial fee, closing fee and annual fee is charged. The fees are charged for the processing of the loan, processing of project costs, if any, and monitoring of financial performance. The administrative fees are used to provide sufficient funds to ensure that the Authority's operating expenses will be met, and that sufficient funds will be available to provide for the Authority's needs, including but not limited to, the coverage of Authority members' legal liability as a result of official actions and research and development costs consistent with the Authority's legislation. All administrative fees are deemed collectible.

### Section 142(d) Fees

The Authority charges an annual fee for each low and moderate income unit located in each project financed by the Authority under Section 142(d) of the Internal Revenue Code to compensate the Authority for monitoring the project's compliance therewith. All Section 142(d) fees are deemed collectible.

### **Capital Assets**

The Authority capitalizes fixed assets of \$1,000 or more. Capital assets as listed below are depreciated over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method as follows:

	<u>Useful Lives</u>
Equipment	3 to 5 years
Furniture	7 years
Leasehold improvements	Term of lease
Automobiles	3 years

### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Authority classifies all highly-liquid investments with an original maturity of ninety days or less as cash and cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents consist of the Authority's checking account and units of the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund ("NJCMF").

The components of cash and cash equivalents at December 31, 2016 and 2015, are:

	2016		2015	
Operating checking account	\$	21	\$	35
NJCMF		7,461		7,351
NJCMF - designated FQHC loan program		759		327
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,241	\$	7,713

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### C. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Currently there are no funds held in investment accounts, however, if the Authority purchased investments, the Authority's investment policy permits the following securities and investment vehicles: (i) Obligations of or guaranteed by the State of New Jersey or the United States of America (including obligations which have been stripped of their unmatured interest coupons, and interest coupons which have been stripped from such obligations); (ii) Obligations issued or guaranteed by any instrumentality or agency of the United States of America, whether now existing or hereafter organized; (iii) Obligations issued or guaranteed by any state of the United States or District of Columbia, so long as such obligations are rated at the time of purchase in either of the highest two credit rating categories by any two nationally recognized securities rating agencies; (iv) Repurchase agreements and guaranteed investment contracts with any banking institution, where such agreement or contract is fully secured by obligations of the kind specified in (i), (ii) or (iii) above, provided that such security is held by a third party and that the seller of such obligations represents that such obligations are free and clear of claims by any other party; (v) Interest-bearing deposits in any bank or trust company provided that all such deposits shall, to the extent not insured, be secured by a pledge of obligations of the kind in (i), (ii) or (iii); (vi) Units of participation in the NJCMF, or any similar common trust fund which is established pursuant to law as a legal depository of public moneys and for which the New Jersey State Treasurer is custodian; and (vii) Shares of an openend, diversified investment company which is registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and which (1) invests its assets exclusively in obligations of or guaranteed by the United States of America or any instrumentality or agency thereof having in each instance a final maturity date of less than one year from their date of purchase; (2) seeks to maintain a constant net position value per share; and (3) has aggregate net position of not less than \$50,000,000 on the date of purchase of such shares.

The Authority has assessed the Custodial Credit Risk, the Concentration of Credit Risk, Credit Risk and Interest Rate Risk of its Cash and Cash Equivalents.

(a) Custodial Credit Risk - The Authority's deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are: uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the depositor-government's name. The deposit risk is that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Authority will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. If the Authority had investment securities they would be exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities were uninsured, were not registered in the name of the Authority, or held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the Authority's name. The investment risk is that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the Authority would not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### C. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUED)

At December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Authority's bank balance of \$113,000 and \$64,000, respectively, was not exposed to custodial credit risk since the full amount was covered by FDIC insurance. The NJCMF balance of \$8,220,000 and \$7,678,000 at December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively, which is administered by the New Jersey Department of the Treasury, Division of Investments, invests pooled monies from various State and non-State agencies in primarily short-term investments. These investments include: U.S. Treasuries, Short-Term Commercial Paper, U.S. Government Agency Bonds, Corporate Bonds and Certificates of Deposits. Agencies that are part of the NJCMF typically earn returns that mirror short-term interest rates. The NJCMF is considered an investment pool and as such is not exposed to custodial credit risk. The Authority does not have a formal policy for deposit custodial credit risk other than to maintain sufficient funds in the checking account to cover checks that have not cleared the account as of a specific date. The majority of available funds were being held in the NJCMF, which are classified as cash and cash equivalents. The Authority does not have a formal policy for investment securities custodial credit risk other than to maintain a safekeeping account for the securities at a financial institution.

- (b) Concentration of Credit Risk This is the risk associated with the amount of investments the Authority has with any one issuer that exceed five percent or more of its total investments. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools and other pooled investments were excluded from this requirement. The Authority places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. The Authority does not have any credit risk since there were no investments in the Authority's portfolio as of December 31, 2016 and 2015.
- (c) Credit Risk This is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. In general, the Authority does not have an investment policy regarding credit risk except to the extent previously outlined under the Authority's Investment Policy.
- (d) Interest Rate Risk This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Authority does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from interest rate fluctuations. The Authority does not have investments, but when they do, the Authority frequently evaluates the Authority's investment portfolio to determine, based on the interest rate environment, if other investment vehicles would provide higher yields at a lower cost and risk.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### D. FEDERALLY QUALIFIED HEALTH CENTER ("FQHC") LOAN PROGRAM

At the Authority's meeting on July 23, 2009, the members of the Authority approved the creation of a loan program using the Authority's unrestricted net position that exceeded a six-month cash-on-hand reserve (approximately \$2 million) to provide funding, including capital and working capital, for start-up FQHCs. The terms of said loans will vary from five to ten years with interest due and computed using the monthly variable rate on the NJCMF plus 2%. Subsequently, at the Authority's meeting on December 18, 2014, the members of the Authority approved expanding the loan program to existing FQHCs that would like to expand. The term of the loans and interest due for existing FQHCs will be similar to the terms for the start-up FQHCs. Further, an additional \$1.5 million from the Authority's fund balance will be added to the loan program as demand requires, which would bring the potential pool of funds to \$3.5 million. The maximum loan amount remains at \$2 million and the repaid funds will be returned to the FQHC loan program to be lent out in the future to start-up and existing FQHCs.

The table below summarizes the Authority's remaining loan payments to be received, for the two loans outstanding, which are considered to be fully collectible.

Lakewood Resource and Referral Center, Inc. loan dated January 29, 2010, due February 1, 2017.

	Estimated					
Year Ending December 31,	Principal		Int	erest		Total
2017	\$	47,662	\$	119	\$	47,781

Lakewood Resource and Referral Center, Inc. loan dated July 27, 2015, due July 1, 2022.

	Estimated						
Year Ending December 31,		Principal	I	nterest		Total	
2017	\$	250,000	\$	25,609	\$	275,609	
2018		250,000		20,622		270,622	
2019	250,000			15,622		265,622	
2020		250,000		10,632		260,632	
2021	250,000			5,619		255,619	
2022		145,833		969		146,802	
Total	\$ 1,395,833		\$	79,073	\$	1,474,906	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### **E. PENSION PLAN**

The Authority's employees participate in the Public Employees' Retirement System ("PERS") which is administered and/or regulated by the New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits. PERS has a separate board of trustees that is primarily responsible for its administration. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to State of New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits, P.O. Box 295, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0295, or by visiting their website at www.state.nj/treasury/pensions.

### **Plan Description**

PERS is a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan which was established as of January 1, 1955. The PERS plan provides retirement, death and disability and medical benefits to qualified members. Vesting and benefit provisions are established by N.J.S.A. 43:15A and 43:38.

#### **Benefits Provided**

All benefits vest after ten years of service, except for medical benefits, which are described in Note F.

### **Contributions**

The Authority's contribution is determined by State statute and is based upon an actuarial computation performed by the PERS. The Authority is billed annually for its normal contribution plus any accrued liability.

The Authority's total and covered payroll for the years ended December 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014 was \$1,549,905, \$1,644,881 and \$1,714,089, respectively. Contributions to the PERS from the Authority for the years ended December 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014 were \$217,490, \$203,167 and 164,448, respectively.

The contribution requirements of plan members are determined by state statute. Plan members enrolled in the PERS were required to contribute 5.00% of their annual covered salary. Effective July 1, 2008, however, in accordance with Chapter 92, P.L. 2007 and Chapter 103, P.L. 2007, plan members were required to contribute 5.50% of their annual covered salary. Then pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 78, P.L. 2011, the active member contribution rate increased to 6.5% plus an additional 1.00% phased-in over seven years. The phase-in of the additional incremental member contribution amount began July 1, 2012, and increases each subsequent July 1. The active member effective contribution rates were 7.20%, July 1, 2016; 7.06%, July 1, 2015; 6.92%, July 1, 2014; 6.78%; July 1, 2013, and 6.64%, July 1, 2012. The State Treasurer has the right under the current law to make temporary reductions in member rates based on the existence of surplus pension assets in the retirement system; however, the statute also requires the return to the normal rate when such surplus pension assets no longer exist.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### **E. PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)**

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources- Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2016 and 2015, the Authority reported a liability of \$6,498,405 and \$5,678,765, respectively, for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of July 1, 2015, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Authority's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members of the plan, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2016 and 2015, the Authority's proportion was .0219% and .0253%, respectively. For the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, the Authority recognized pension expense of \$519,743 and \$471,014, respectively. The Authority reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources as follows:

	2016				2015			
	_	Deferred utflows of	_	eferred flows of	_	Deferred utflows of		red Inflows esources
Differences between expected and actual Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan	\$	120,851 1,346,122	\$	-	\$	135,475 609,854	\$	-
investments		247,790		-		-		91,304
Changes in proportion		369,562		546,924		475,205		_
	\$	2,084,325	\$	546,924	\$	1,220,534	\$	91,304

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2016 and 2015 measurement date was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	2016	2015
Inflation	3.08%	3.04%
Salary increases	1.65% - 4.15% based on age	2.15% - 4.4% based on age
Investment rate of return	7.65%	7.90%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### **E. PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)**

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Male and Female Mortality Tables, with adjustments for mortality improvements from the base year 2013 based on Projection Scale AA.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2015, valuation was based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2014.

In accordance with State statue, the long term expected rate of return on plan investments is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pension and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return of each major asset class included in PERS's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, are summarized in the following tables:

	201	6	2015		
		Long-term		Long-term	
	Target	Expected	Target	Expected	
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return	Allocation	Rate of Return	
Cash	5.00%	0.87%	5.00%	1.04%	
U.S. Treasuries	1.50%	1.74%	1.75%	1.64%	
Investment Grade Credit	8.00%	1.79%	10.00%	1.79%	
Mortgages	2.00%	1.67%	2.10%	1.62%	
High Yield Bonds	2.00%	4.56%	2.00%	4.03%	
Inflation-Indexed Bonds	1.50%	3.44%	1.50%	3.25%	
Broad US Equities	26.00%	8.53%	27.25%	8.52%	
Developed Foreign Equities	13.25%	6.83%	12.00%	6.88%	
Emerging Market Equities	6.50%	9.95%	6.40%	10.00%	
Private Equities	9.00%	12.40%	9.25%	12.41%	
Hedge Fund/Absolute Return	12.50%	4.68%	12.00%	4.72%	
Real Estate (Property)	2.00%	6.91%	2.00%	6.83%	
Commodities	0.50%	5.45%	1.00%	5.32%	
Global Debt ex US	5.00%	-0.25%	3.50%	-0.40%	
REIT	5.25%	5.63%	0.00%	0.00%	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### E. PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.98% and 4.90% as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. The single blended discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.65%, and a municipal bond rate of 2.85% and 3.80% as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, based on the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The projected cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current last five years of contributions made in relation to the last five years of recommended contributions. Based on those assumptions the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through 2034. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through 2034, and the municipal bond rate was applied to projected benefit payments after that date in determining the total pension liability.

#### F. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

The Authority sponsors and administers a single employer defined benefit health care plan (the "Plan") that provides postemployment medical coverage for eligible retirees, their spouses/domestic partners and eligible dependent children and continues to be provided on behalf of the surviving spouse/domestic partner or a retiree. The Authority does not issue a publicly available financial report for the Plan. Employees and/or their spouses/domestic partners become eligible for these benefits upon:

- Disability retirement.
- Retirement after 25 years of creditable service in PERS and ten years of service with the Authority.
- Retirement after age 65, 25 years of PERS service and six years of service with the Authority.
- Retirement after age 62 and 15 years of service with the Authority.

Contributions and benefit provisions for the Plan are established and amended through the members of the Authority and there is no statutory requirement for the Authority to continue this Plan for future Authority employees. The Plan is a noncontributory plan with all payments for Plan benefits being funded by the Authority.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### F. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

The Authority's annual other post-employment benefits ("OPEB") cost for the Plan is calculated based on the annual required contribution ("ARC"), an amount actuarially determined. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and interest on the net OPEB obligation and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The Authority is amortizing this liability over a 30-year period using a level dollar method on an open basis. The Authority's annual OPEB cost and net OPEB (prepaid)/obligation for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the related information for the Plan are as follows:

	2016		2	2015
Annual required contributions	\$	564	\$	307
Contributions made		(923)		-
Increase in net OPEB obligations/(prepaid)		(359)		307
Prepaid OPEB obligation - beginning of year	(2	,907)		(3,214)
Prepaid OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ (3	,266)	\$	(2,907)

The Authority's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan and the net OPEB obligation/(prepaid) are as follows:

		Percentage	NET OPER
	Annual	Annual OPEB	Obligation/
Year Ended	OPEB Cost	Cost Contributed	(Prepaid)
December 31, 2016	\$ 564	100%	\$ (3,266)
December 31, 2015	358	100%	(2,907)
December 31, 2014	344	100%	(3,214)
December 31, 2013	332	100%	(3,508)

In 2008, the Authority established an irrevocable trust, (the "Trust") to provide for the payment of its OPEB obligations.

At January 1, 2016, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits in the Trust was \$5,950,000. At December 31, 2016, funds in the Trust totaled \$6,564,065. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the Plan) was \$1,549,905 for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the ratio of the funded actuarial accrued liability as a percentage of covered payroll was 235%.

The most recent actuarial valuation date is January 1, 2016. Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events in the future. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the Plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The required schedule of funding progress presented as required supplementary information provides multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### F. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

Projections of benefits are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date and the pattern of sharing benefit costs between the Authority and the plan members to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

For the January 1, 2016, actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit with benefits attributed from date of hire to the date of decrement method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4% discount rate and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 9% medical grading down to an ultimate rate of 5%.

#### G. COMMITMENTS

The Authority has an operating lease commitment for its offices at an annual rental of approximately \$286,000 from September 24, 2016 to September 23, 2021.

#### H. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Operating expenses for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, include approximately \$318,000 and \$354,000, respectively, relating to payment for goods and services provided by various State agencies.

### I. CONDUIT DEBT AND MASTER LEASE OBLIGATIONS

Due to the fact that the bonds and notes issued by the Authority are nonrecourse conduit debt obligations of the Authority, the Authority has, in effect, none of the risks or rewards of the related financing. Accordingly, with the exception of certain fees generated as a result of the financing transaction, the financing transaction is given no accounting recognition in the accompanying financial statements. During the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, the Authority issued \$1,801,448,000 and \$504,039,000, respectively, in conduit debt. The amount of conduit debt outstanding at December 31, 2016 and 2015, totaled \$5,763,917,000 and \$6,169,075,000, respectively. Total assets for the trustee held funds relating to the conduit debt were \$5,886,158,000 and \$6,280,043,000, for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. Total liabilities and net position for the trustee held funds relating to the conduit debt were \$5,886,158,000 and \$6,280,043,000 for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Regarding the Master Leasing Program, during the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, leases entered into totaled \$28,322,000 and \$7,846,000, respectively. The amount of lease payments outstanding at December 31, 2016 and 2015, totaled \$36,221,000 and \$18,059,000, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### J. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority maintains a Not-For-Profit Protector Individual and Organization Insurance Policy (Directors and Officers Liability) that provides protection to the Authority's past, present and future members, committee members, officers and staff for official actions that may have been taken while carrying out their normal duties on behalf of the Authority. The Authority's policy which covers the period December 18, 2016 through December 18, 2017, has a \$20 million liability limit with a retention level of \$175,000 at a premium cost of \$81,497.

### K. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

**GASB Statement 75**, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

Statement 75 provides guidance for reporting by state and local governments that provide OPEB, such as retiree health insurance, to their employees and for governments that finance OPEB for employees of other governments. Statement 75 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. The Authority has not yet completed the process of evaluating the impact of GASB 75 on its financial statements.

#### L. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On October 5, 2016, Trinitas Regional Medical Center Obligated Group closed on a forward delivery public bond issue for \$82,970,000, which was funded and delivered on April 3, 2017. The proceeds, together with other available funds were used to redeem the borrower's 2007 bonds on or about July 1, 2017.

On April 20, 2017, Hackensack Meridian Health Obligated Group closed on public bond issue for \$588,790,000. The proceeds, together with other available funds were used to refund, redeem or defease all of the Hackensack University Medical Center Series 2008, 2010 and 2010B bonds, the Palisades Medical Center Series 2013 bonds, the Meridian Health System 2007 bonds, refinance a taxable loan and reimburse Hackensack Meridian for the costs of planning, development, acquisition, construction, equipping and furnishing a new building in Neptune, New Jersey, which will house various outpatient medical facilities and services as well as parking facilities.



### SCHEDULES OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE RETIREE HEALTHCARE PLAN

Actuarial Valuation	Va A	etuarial alue of ssets ousands)	Ad Li Lev	ctuarial ccrued iability el Dollar ousands)	Ùnf Act Acc Lia	nded) unded uarial crued ability usands)	Funded Ratio (in thousands)	F	overed Payroll ousands)	Actuarial Accrued Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b-a)/c
Date*		(a)		(b)	(l	o-a)	(a/b)		(c)	(in thousands)
January 1, 2016	\$	5,816	\$	5,950	\$	134	98%	\$	1,550	9%
January 1, 2013		5,243		5,149		(94)	102%		1,705	(5%)
January 1, 2010		3,703		4,642		939	80%		1,640	57%
January 1, 2007		-		3,153		3,153	0%		1,760	179%

<sup>\*</sup>Actuarial valuations are performed every other year beginning in 2016. See Note F.

### SCHEDULES OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY

	2016	2015		
Proportion of Net Pension Liability	 0.0219413703%	0	.0252974240%	
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	\$ 6,498,405	\$	5,678,765	
Cover-Employee Payroll	1,549,905		1,644,881	
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability				
as a Percentage of Payroll	419.28%		345.24%	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a				
Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	40.08%		47.93%	

### SCHEDULES OF CONTRIBUTIONS

	2016		2015
Contractually Required Contribution Contribution in Relation to the Contractually	\$ 217,490	9	203,167
Required Contribution	217,490		203,167
	\$ -	\$	<del>-</del>
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 1,549,905	9	1,644,881
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll	14.03%		12.35%

# OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – TRUSTEE HELD FUNDS

# STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION FOR TRUSTEE HELD FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

	2016 (\$000)	2015 (\$000)
Assets Mortgages and loans receivable, net Capital asset program notes receivable, net Equipment revenue notes receivable, net Lease receivable	\$ 4,643,647 17,909 508 256,980	\$ 4,802,107 40,232 1,005 266,545
State contract bonds receivable	323,900	385,825
Construction/program accounts Cash and cash equivalents Investments Prepaid expenses	333,497 4,404 10	289,125 65,474 11
Debt service accounts Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivable from master trustee/institution	133,916 1,772 10,209	155,881 2,595 11,147
Debt service reserve accounts  Cash and cash equivalents Investments	81,760 41,425	173,721 68,316
Master lease funds Cash and cash equivalents Lease payments receivable, net Total assets	28,056 8,165 \$ 5,886,158	3,473 14,586 \$ 6,280,043
Liabilities and net position Bonds payable Revenue notes payable Accrued interest payable Accrued expenses Master lease payable Capital Asset Program net position Total liabilities and net position	\$ 5,763,338 508 85,230 188 36,221 673 \$ 5,886,158	\$ 6,168,070 1,005 91,915 225 18,059 769 \$ 6,280,043

# STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR TRUSTEE HELD FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

	2016	2015
	(\$000)	(\$000)
Cash flows from operating activities		
Payments received from institutions under agreements	\$ 531,243	\$ 485,582
Equity contributions from institutions	31,181	491
Disbursements for construction/acquisition and issuance expense	(249,570)	(271,020)
Other disbursements	(568,071)	(24,002)
Net cash from operating activities	(255,217)	191,051
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities		
Face amount of revenue bonds	1,801,447	504,039
Additions/(deductions) at time of sale, net	57,856	(104,216)
Accrued interest to date of delivery	(1,187)	-
Refunding of pre-existing debt/escrows fund deposit	(658, 376)	(26,894)
Net proceeds from sale of revenue bonds	1,199,740	372,929
Principal/premium paid on revenue bonds	(870,252)	(385,499)
Interest paid on revenue bonds	(234,628)	(235, 167)
Net cash from noncapital financing activities	94,860	(247,737)
Cash flows from capital financing activities		
Lease escrow deposit	28,322	7,846
Disbursements for equipment	(3,687)	(5,221)
Payments received from institutions		
under lease/sublease agreements	10,603	7,981
Principal/premium paid on master lease	(10,160)	(7,360)
Interest paid on master lease	(496)	(416)
Net cash from capital financing activities	24,582	2,830
Cash flows from investing activities		
Net investment in securities	89,215	(6,085)
Interest on investments	1,589	1,937
Net cash from investing activities	90,804	(4,148)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(44,971)	(58,004)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	622,200	680,204
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 577,229	\$ 622,200

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### A. BACKGROUND - CONDUIT DEBT

As indicated in Note A to the Authority's financial statements, the Authority has the power to issue bonds, notes and enter into lease agreements on behalf of healthcare organizations. Each of the Authority's issues of bonds, notes and leases is payable out of revenues derived from separate organizations and is secured by its own series resolution, note resolution, trust agreement or lease agreement and is separate and distinct as to source of payment and security, except for certain issues for the same organization or system which may be secured on a parity basis. The Authority assigns the loan and security agreements and, if any, mortgage agreements to the trustee for each bond issue. The amounts reported in these supplementary financial statements include all Trustee Held Funds (the "Funds") maintained by the Authority's various trustees.

Bonds, notes and leases issued by the Authority are not a debt or liability of the State of New Jersey (the "State") or any political subdivision and do not constitute a pledge of the faith and credit of the State of New Jersey or any such political subdivision thereof, but are special and limited obligations of the Authority payable solely from the amounts payable under each agreement and mortgage and from amounts in the respective debt service reserve funds, if any, and other funds held pursuant to the resolutions, trust indenture, if any, and the mortgage agreement, if any, except as noted under the Hospital Asset Transformation Program and Bond Anticipation Notes. The Authority has no taxing power.

#### **B. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accounts are maintained in accordance with the requirements of the applicable bond and note resolutions and on the accrual basis of accounting.

Description of Funds - The Authority maintains books of accounts for each of the issues of debt outstanding for the Funds. The Funds are combined for financial statement presentation. The following is a description of the Authority's financing programs:

- Capital Asset Program Accounts for the receipt and disbursement of funds in connection
  with the Authority's Capital Asset Revenue Bonds, Series A and B. The Program was
  designed to issue loans to certain eligible borrowers for capital asset needs. These bonds
  were initially issued without designated borrowers. Under the Capital Asset Program, the
  Authority was required to establish a Debt Service Reserve Fund which may be used to pay
  debt service if pledged revenues are insufficient.
- Revenue Bond/Note Program Accounts for the receipt and disbursement of funds in connection with the various revenue bonds/notes issued by the Authority to designated borrowers for specific purposes as described in the applicable bond and note resolutions.
- Master Leasing Program Accounts for the receipt and disbursement of funds in connection
  with leases entered into by the Authority with designated borrowers for leasing of specific
  equipment as described in the applicable master lease and sublease agreements.

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## **B. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

Under the above programs the assets of the construction/program accounts, debt service accounts and debt service reserve accounts are held by trustees in accordance with the applicable bond and note resolutions as well as lease agreements. The resolutions/agreements establish the following accounts, which are referred to as funds. These do not represent "funds" as the term is used in generally accepted accounting principles, but are separate "accounts" used to delineate the accounting and reporting of bond/notes/lease related monies.

- Construction/Program Accounts Accounts for the receipt and disbursement of monies for the payment of construction expenses, related equipment expenditures and expenses associated with bond issues.
- Debt Service Accounts Accounts for the receipt and disbursement of monies held on behalf of the designated borrowers for the payment of bond or note principal and interest.
- Debt Service Reserve Funds Accounts for the receipt and disbursement of monies held in reserve on behalf of the investors in compliance with applicable bond resolutions. When required, the Debt Service Reserve Funds are generally maintained at an amount equal to the greatest annual amount of principal and interest payable.
- Master Lease Accounts Accounts for the receipt and disbursement of monies held on behalf of sublessee user for the related equipment expenditures and for the payment of the lease principal and interest.

Interest income on these accounts (except for accounts held under the Capital Asset Program) and the interest expense on the bonds, notes and leases are recorded in the borrowers' financial statements, and therefore, the Authority does not present a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position for the Funds.

#### C. MORTGAGES AND LOANS RECEIVABLE

Loans are granted by the Authority to borrowers for periods concurrent with those of the related bond issues. In some instances, mortgages, and in most instances, a pledge of gross receipts is granted to the Authority to support the respective loans. The organizations are required to make principal and interest payments to the Authority or trustee bank sufficient to meet the principal and interest requirements of the bonds. To the extent required by the applicable bond documents, funds received by the Authority have been placed in debt service and debt service reserve funds for future principal and interest payments.

Among other things, the mortgages provide first liens on the physical property financed with the bond proceeds, and in some instances, all after-acquired property and previously existing facilities. The Authority has assigned all of its rights, title and interest in such security to the trustee bank for each respective issue.

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## C. MORTGAGES AND LOANS RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

As of December 31, 2016 and 2015, mortgages and loans receivable were:

	2016		2015	
		(\$000)		(\$000)
Mortgages				
Holy Name Hospital	\$	-	\$	60,000
CentraState Assisted Living, Inc.		4,252		4,587
Total mortgages receivable	\$	4,252	\$	64,587
Loans				
Secured by pledge of collateral with trustees:				
Christian Health Care Center	\$	5,465	\$	5,740
Bartley Assisted Living, LLC		4,374		4,576
JFK Assisted Living		7,266		7,982
Meridian Hospitals Corporation				
(currently Hackensack Meridian Health)		14,235		14,655
Wiley Mission Project		10,118		10,900
The Matheny School and Hospital		1,400		1,600
Robert Wood Johnson University Hospital				
(currently RWJ Barnabas Health, Inc.)		-		41,870
Virtua Health, Inc.		52,100		53,680
Rahway Hospital				
(currently RWJ Barnabas Health, Inc.)		-		9,900
South Jersey Hospital, Inc.				
(currently Inspira Medical Centers, Inc.)		-		10,985
Children's Specialized Hospital		13,980		40,593
East Orange General Hospital		-		5,710
FitnessFirst Oradell Center, LLC		800		2,000
MHAC I, LLC				
(currently Hackensack Meridian Health)		25,545		26,560
Southern Ocean County Hospital				
(currently Hackensack Meridian Health)		15,385		15,745
Underwood-Memorial Hospital				
(currently Inspira Medical Center Woodbury)		-		48,825
Kennedy Health Facilities		14,399		14,752
St. Ann's Home for the Aged		10,717		10,937
Bridgeway Assisted Living		4,267		4,482
Samaritan Healthcare and Hospice		7,864		7,864
University Hospital		254,975		254,975
• •				

## NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# C. MORTGAGES AND LOANS RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

	2016	2015
	(\$000)	(\$000)
Loans (Continued)		
Secured by pledge of gross receipts under Master Trust Indenture:		
Hackensack Medical Center		
(currently Hackensack Meridian Health)	396,715	472,822
Saint Peter's Medical Center		
(currently Saint Peter's University Hospital)	148,865	153,425
Hunterdon Medical Center	67,493	68,902
Palisades Medical Center		
(currently Hackensack Meridian Health)	35,935	44,925
Shore Memorial Health Care System	61,579	65,219
South Jersey Hospital System		
(currently Inspira Medical Centers, Inc.)	-	137,625
Raritan Bay Medical Center		
(currently Hackensack Meridian Health)	-	34,700
St. Joseph's Hospital and Medical Center Obligated Group	246,845	222,945
AHS Hospital Corporation	412,030	431,295
Kennedy Health System Obligated Group	61,545	63,610
Christian Health Care Center	17,065	18,070
CentraState Medical Center Obligated Group	80,215	83,470
Virtua Health, Inc.	566,105	574,880
Saint Barnabas Health Care System		
(currently RWJ Barnabas Health, Inc.)	-	162,280
Catholic Health East	97,670	102,920
Meridian Health System Obligated Group		
(currently Hackensack Meridian Health)	615,466	636,049
RWJ Health Care Corporation at Hamilton, Obligated Group		
(currently RWJ Barnabas Health, Inc.)	19,845	99,487
Trinitas Hospital Obligated Group	123,485	114,915
The House of the Good Shepherd	12,325	12,990
Princeton Healthcare System	273,030	193,505
Holy Name Medical Center	94,265	43,440
Robert Wood Johnson Hospital		
(currently RWJ Barnabas Health, Inc.)	194,285	375,405
Barnabas Health, Inc.	•	•
(currently RWJ Barnabas Health, Inc.)	255,990	592,510
St. Luke's Warren Hospital Obligated Group	37,410	37,410
Deborah Heart and Lung Center Obligated Group	10,253	13,983
Inspira Health Obligated Group	177,765	-
RWJ Barnabas Health Obligated Group	679,135	_
Total loans receivable	5,128,206	5,351,113
Total mortgages and loans receivable	5,132,458	5,415,700
Less cash and investments held by trustees	488,811	613,593
Mortgages and loans receivable, net	\$ 4,643,647	\$ 4,802,107
mongagoo ana loano roccitable, net	Ψ 1,040,047	Ψ 1,502,107

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### D. CAPITAL ASSET PROGRAM NOTES RECEIVABLE

Capital Asset Program notes receivable is for varying terms. The borrowing institutions are required to make principal and interest payments to the trustee in an amount sufficient to repay principal borrowed and to meet the interest requirements including program expenses related to the respective loans. Any principal repayments can be reloaned to other institutions as long as they are scheduled for repayment no later than six months prior to the maturity of the Capital Asset Program Bonds, Series A and B in 2035.

As of December 31, 2016 and 2015, Capital Asset Program notes receivable were:

	2016	2015
	 (\$000)	 (\$000)
P.G. Chambers School		
(formerly Children's Center for Therapy and Learning, Inc.)	\$ 371	\$ 506
Cooper Health System	2,102	2,462
Meridian Nursing and Rehabilitation at Ocean Grove	3,173	3,842
South Jersey Hospital	-	17,926
CentraState Medical Center	3,932	4,858
Englewood Hospital	6,688	8,138
Chilton Hospital	1,643	2,500
Total Capital Asset Program notes receivable	\$ 17,909	\$ 40,232

#### E. EQUIPMENT REVENUE NOTES RECEIVABLE

Equipment revenue notes ("Notes") receivable are for varying terms. The borrowing institutions are required to make principal and interest payments to the note holder in an amount sufficient to meet the principal and interest requirements of the Notes.

The Notes are secured by first liens on all or a portion of the physical property financed with the note, or similar collateral. The Authority has assigned all of its rights, title and interest in such security to the holder of each respective note.

	2016		2015	
	(	(\$000)		\$000)
Christian Health Care Center	\$	508	\$	1,005
Total equipment revenue notes receivable		508		1,005
Less cash and investment held by trustee				-
Equipment revenue notes receivable, net	\$	508	\$	1,005

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### F. LEASE RECEIVABLE

The Authority entered into a 50-year lease on December 18, 2003, with the Department of Human Services of the State of New Jersey ("DHS") whereby the Authority obtained a lease on the existing property and buildings of the Greystone Park Psychiatric Hospital. The Authority agreed to make major improvements to the leased property and sublease the property back to DHS. Under the sublease, DHS agreed to make rental payments to the Authority that are sufficient to pay the principal, interest and other costs associated with the financing, subject to appropriation. There is no remedy provided to the Authority under the sublease for any default by DHS in its payments of rent or failure by DHS to make sublease payments, if the moneys are not appropriated.

On April 18, 2013, the Authority issued lease revenue bonds in the aggregate principal amount of \$210,840,000. Greystone Park Psychiatric Hospital Project 2013A in the principal amount of \$50,730,000 was issued to finance the completion of the demolition and remediation of the psychiatric facilities formerly used by Greystone Park Psychiatric Hospital, Morris County, New Jersey; and Greystone Park Psychiatric Hospital Refunding Project Series 2013B in an aggregate principal amount of \$160,110,000 was issued to refinance all of the Series 2003 and Series 2005 lease revenue bonds.

Also on April 18, 2013, the Authority issued lease revenue bonds in the aggregate principal amount of \$73,530,000 to finance the costs of a project consisting of the demolition and remediation of the existing facilities at or related to Marlboro Psychiatric Hospital in Monmouth County, New Jersey and construction of group housing.

2016		2015	
	(\$000)		(\$000)
\$	189,155	\$	197,640
	67,825		68,905
\$	256,980	\$	266,545
	\$	(\$000) \$ 189,155 67,825	(\$000) \$ 189,155 \$ 67,825

#### G. STATE CONTRACT BONDS RECEIVABLE

The Hospital Asset Transformation Act (the "Transformation Act") (P. L. 2000, c. 98) amended and established a Hospital Asset Transformation Program within the Authority for the purpose of providing financial assistance by the Authority to nonprofit hospitals in the State, in connection with the termination of the provision of hospital acute care services at a specific location that may no longer be necessary or useful for the provision of such care under the act, the Authority, subject to the prior written approval of the State Treasurer, may issue bonds in order to satisfy the outstanding bonded indebtedness of any nonprofit hospital for the purposes outlined in the Act. To secure such bonds, the State Treasurer and the Authority are permitted to enter into one or more contracts providing for the payment by the State Treasurer to the Authority in each fiscal year from the State's General Fund, of an amount equivalent to the amount due to be paid in that fiscal year for the debt service on such bonds, subject to and dependent upon appropriation being made by the State Legislature for such purpose. At this time, St. Mary's Hospital's outstanding debt is being paid by the State Treasurer, see Note K for more detail. Also, see Note K regarding the sale of St. Michael's Medical Center, Inc.

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## G. STATE CONTRACT BONDS RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

At December 31, 2016 and 2015, State contract bonds receivable were as follows:

	 2016		2015
	 (\$000)		(\$000)
St. Mary's Hospital	\$ 17,555	\$	19,665
St. Michael's Medical Center, Inc.	170,045		223,880
Solaris Health System	136,300		142,280
Total State contract bonds receivable	\$ 323,900	\$	385,825

#### H. MASTER LEASE RECEIVABLE

For the Authority's Master Leasing Program introduced in 2012, health care systems (sublease user) can access tax-exempt equipment leases through a pre-arranged master lease financing program. The Authority, as lessee, approves the system for a total dollar amount, and the system's members enter into leases over a specific period up to an aggregate dollar amount of leases. The system must enter into a master lease agreement with each separate lessor/equipment vendor. Each of the leases is payable out of revenues derived from the subleasee user and is secured by its own master lease and sublease agreement. The systems are required to make principal and interest payments to the Authority or trustee bank sufficient to meet the principal and interest requirements of the leases.

At December 31, 2016 and 2015, Master Lease receivables were as follows:

	2016		2015
		(\$000)	(\$000)
St. Barnabas Medical Center	\$	5,412	\$ 6,859
Monmouth Medical Center		2,469	4,057
Clara Maass Medical Center		868	1,758
Community Medical Center		466	1,233
Kimball Medical Center		51	202
Newark Beth Israel Medical Center		1,230	2,547
Barnabas Corporation d/b/a Barnabas Health		884	1,403
Englewood Hospital & Medical Center		24,841	-
Total Master Lease receivable		36,221	18,059
Less cash and investments held by trustee		28,056	3,473
Net Master Lease receivable	\$	8,165	\$ 14,586

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### I. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The components of cash and cash equivalents and investments at December 31, 2016 and 2015, are as follows:

	 2016	2015
	 (\$000)	(\$000)
Cash and cash equivalents		
Money Market Funds (which includes New Jersey Cash		
Management Fund)	\$ 577,229	\$ 622,200
Investments		
Investment agreements collateralized	5,433	5,268
U.S. Treasury and Agency obligations	42,168	131,117
Total cash and cash equivalents and investments	\$ 624,830	\$ 758,585

The New Jersey Cash Management Fund ("NJCMF") is a common trust fund administered by the New Jersey Department of the Treasury, Division of Investment. Securities in the NJCMF are insured, registered or held by the division or its agent in the NJCMF's name. Money Market funds represent shares of open-end, diversified investment companies which, along with funds invested in the NJCMF, are "uncategorized" investments.

All investments, except for investment agreements, are carried at fair value. Investment agreements are non-participating guaranteed investment contracts which are carried at cost.

Investments of trustee held funds are generally made in accordance with the Authority's General Bond Resolution, subject to modifications in the applicable Series Resolutions or in accordance with individual Bond Trust Agreements. The General Bond Resolution, which is amended from time to time, permits the investment of funds held by the trustee in the following: (a) obligations of or guaranteed by the State of New Jersey; the U.S. Government or agencies of the U.S. Government; (b) obligations of or guaranteed by any state of the U.S. or the District of Columbia rated in the highest two credit rating categories; (c) repurchase agreements secured by obligations noted in (a) or (b) above; (d) interest-bearing deposits in any bank or trust company, insured or secured by a pledge of obligations noted in (a) or (b) above; (e) NJCMF; and (f) shares of an open-end, diversified investment company which is registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 which invests in obligations of or guaranteed by the U. S. Government or government agencies with maturities of less than one year and has a net position of not less than \$10,000,000.

In addition, bond resolutions for the Capital Asset Program and certain bond issues permit investments in investment agreements.

These investments are made at the direction of the Authority and are held by the respective trustee in the name of the Authority and the respective health care organization. Interest Income earned on such investments is credited periodically to the participant's trust account.

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### J. REVENUE BONDS, NOTES AND MASTER LEASES

The security for the revenue bonds and notes is described in Note C and is assigned to the trustee of the bond issue or to the holder of the equipment revenue note. The bonds, notes or leases do not constitute a debt or liability of the State or any other political subdivision, or a pledge of the faith and credit of the State or any other political subdivision thereof, but are special limited obligations of the Authority payable solely from the revenues received by the Authority under the mortgage, loan, lease and note agreements and from amounts in the debt service reserve funds and other funds held pursuant to the resolutions, loan and mortgage agreements, except as described in Note G.

The security for the master lease is described in Note H and is assigned to the trustee of the master lease issue. The master lease, sublease agreement and the lease payments are not a debt or liability or moral obligation of the State, the Authority or any political subdivision of the State, or a pledge of the faith and credit or taxing power of the State or the Authority, or any political subdivision of the State, but are special obligations payable solely from the sublease payments and other amounts payable under the master lease and sublease agreement.

Revenue bonds, notes and master leases outstanding are comprised of the following:

	Due in	Range of		
	Varying	Annual		utstanding
	Installments	Interest Rate	Decem	
	Ending	Percentages	2016	2015
Revenue bonds			(\$000)	(\$000)
Public issues			_	
Raritan Bay Medical Center, Series 1994	2027	7.25 Weekly	\$ -	\$ 34,700
Christian Health Care Center, Series 1997 B	2028	variable rate Weekly	6,000	6,400
Christian Health Care Center, Series 1998 A-3	2018	variable rate Weekly	100	200
Saint Barnabas Health Care System, Series 1998 B				
(currently a part of Barnabas Health, Inc.)	2028	0.00 - 5.25 Weekly	-	21,206
RWJ Health Corporation at Hamilton, Series 2002	2032	variable rate	19,845	20,955
Meridian Health System Obligated Group,		Weekly		
Series 2003 A	2033	variable rate	60,000	60,000
The Matheny School and Hospital Inc.,		Weekly		
Series 2003 A-2	2023	variable rate	1,400	1,600
Robert Wood Johnson University Hospital, Inc.,		Weekly		
Series 2003 A-3	2023	variable rate	-	8,000
		Weekly		
Virtua Health Inc., Series 2003 A-7	2018	variable rate Weekly	1,800	2,600
Rahway Hospital, Series 2003 A-8	2023	variable rate	-	9,900
		Weekly		,
Meridian Nursing and Rehab, Series 2004 A-3	2035	variable rate	10,735	11,155
•		Weekly		
South Jersey Hospital, Inc., Series 2004 A-4	2034	variable rate	-	10,985
RWJ University Hospital, Series		Weekly		
2004	2029	variable rate Weekly	-	33,870
Virtua Health, Series 2004	2033	variable rate	50,300	51,080
RWJ Health Care Corp. at Hamilton,				
Series 2005 B	2035	4.00 - 5.00	-	54,085
		Weekly		
Christian Health Care Center, Series 2005 A-2	2035	variable rate Weekly	5,365	5,540
Southern Ocean County Hospital, Series 2006	2036	variable rate	15,385	15,745
Holy Name Hospital, Series 2006	2036	5.00 - 5.25	-	60,000
South Jersey Hospital, Series 2006	2046	5.00	-	137,625

## NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## J. REVENUE BONDS, NOTES AND MASTER LEASES (CONTINUED)

(*Denotes defeased or paid off)				
(	Due in	Range of		
	Varying	Annual	Amount Outs	tanding
	Installments	Interest Rate	December 31,	December 31,
	Ending	Percentages	2016	2015
Revenue bonds			(\$000)	(\$000)
Public issues (Continued)		147 - 11		
Fort Order Order Historial Order 2000 A O	0004	Weekly		F 740
East Orange General Hospital, Series 2006 A-2	2021	variable rate	<del>-</del>	5,710
Meridian Nursing and Rehabilitation,	2031	Weekly	3 500	2 500
Series 2006 A-3	2031	variable rate Weekly	3,500	3,500
MHAC I, LLC, Series 2006 A-4	2027	variable rate	14,630	15,645
WITHOU, LEO, Octics 2000 A-4	ZOZI	Weekly	14,000	10,040
MHAC I, LLC, Series 2006 A-5	2036	variable rate	10,915	10,915
FitnessFirst Oradell Center, LLC,	2000	Weekly	10,010	10,010
Series 2006 A-6	2031	variable rate	800	2,000
CentraState Medical Center, Series 2006 A	2021	3.625 - 4.00	37,965	38,480
Saint Barnabas Health Care System,				
Series 2006 A, currently Barnabas Health, Inc.	2029	5.00	-	62,825
Saint Barnabas Health Care System,				
Series 2006 B, currently Barnabas Health, Inc.	2038	0.00	-	78,249
St. Mary's Hospital, Passaic, New Jersey,				
Series 2007-1	2027	4.00 - 5.00	14,275	14,275
St. Mary's Hospital, Passaic, New Jersey,				
Series 2007-2	2018	5.265	3,280	5,390
Catholic Health East Health System, Series 2007 E	2033	Indexed rate	1,345	1,360
Trinitas Hospital Obligated Group, Series 2007 A	2030	4.75 - 5.25	65,050	65,050
Trinitas Hospital Obligated Group, Series 2007 B	2023	5.25 - 8.08	44,625	49,865
Meridian Health System Obligated Group, Series 2007	2038	5.00	136,200	137,825
Saint Peter's University Hospital Obligated Group,			20.455	
Series 2007	2037	5.25 - 5.75	62,155	63,055
Hackensack University Medical Center, Series 2008	2041	4.00 - 5.375	215,735	221,170
AHS Hospital Corp., Series 2008 A	2023	3.50 - 5.125	5,265	127,990
AHS Hospital Corp., Series 2008 B	2036	Weekly variable rate	88,555	88.555
And hospital Colp., delles 2006 b	2030	Weekly	66,333	66,333
AHS Hospital Corp., Series 2008 C	2036	variable rate	88,555	88,555
Allo Hospital corp., cenes 2000 o	2000	Weekly	00,000	00,000
Underwood-Memorial Hospital, Series 2008	2033	variable rate	_	48,825
St. Joseph's Healthcare System Obligated Group, Series 2008	2038	5.75 - 6.625	<u>-</u>	222,945
St. Michael's Medical Center (HATP), Series 2008A	2038	5.00 - 5.50	170,045	223,880
, ,		Weekly	ŕ	,
Christian Health Care Center, Series 2009	2038	variable rate	11,065	11,670
Virtua Health, Series 2009 A	2038	4.375 - 6.00	237,935	244,555
		Daily		
Virtua Health, Series 2009 B	2043	variable rate	60,000	60,000
		Daily		
Virtua Health, Series 2009 C	2043	variable rate	40,000	40,000
		Weekly		
Virtua Health, Series 2009 D	2043	variable rate	65,000	65,000
		Weekly		
Virtua Health, Series 2009 E	2043	variable rate	20,000	20,000
Solaris (HATP), Series 2009 A	2032	4.00 - 5.75	136,300	142,280
Catholic Health East, Series 2010	2033	2.00 - 5.25	96,325	101,560
Hackensack University Medical Center, Series 2010	2034	3.00 - 5.00	64,365	68,270
Holy Name Medical Center, Series 2010	2025	3.00 - 5.00	39,840	43,440
RWJ University Hospital, Series 2010	2031	2.00 - 5.00	- -	109,305
Hackensack University Medical Center, Series 2010 B	2028 2041	4.00 - 5.00	36,000 4,855	100,260 126,195
AHS Hospital Corporation, Series 2011	∠∪41	4.00 - 6.00	4,000	120, 195

## NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## J. REVENUE BONDS, NOTES AND MASTER LEASES (CONTINUED)

	Due in Varying	Range of Annual	Amount Outs	standing
	Installments	Interest Rate	December 31,	December 31,
	Ending	Percentages	2016	2015
Revenue bonds			(\$000)	(\$000)
Public issues (Continued)			(- /	(. ,
Barnabas Health, Series 2011 A	2041	3.00 - 5.75 Weekly	-	283,150
Barnabas Health, Series 2011 B	2038	variable rate Weekly	28,110	34,910
Barnabas Health, Series 2011 C	2038	variable rate	-	42,990
Meridian Health System, Series 2011	2027	2.00 - 5.00	140,735	152,920
Kennedy Health System, Series 2012	2042	2.00 - 5.00	61,545	63,610
Barnabas Health, Series 2012 A	2026	2.00 - 5.00	97,955	101,535
Greystone Park Psychiatric Hospital Project, Series 2013A	2033	3.50 - 5.00	50,730	50,730
Greystone Park Psychiatric Hospital Project, Series 2013B	2028	4.00 - 5.00	138,425	146,910
Marlboro Psychiatric Hospital Project, Series 2013	2033	3.00 - 5.00	67,825	68,905
Meridian Health System Obligated Group, Series 2013A	2032	4.00 - 5.00	24,260	24,900
St. Luke's Warren Hospital Obligated Group, Series 2013	2043	4.00 - 5.00	37,410	37,410
Palisades Medical Center Obligated Group, Series 2013	2043	2.35 - 5.50	35,935	44,925
Robert Wood Johnson University Hospital, Series 2013A	2043	3.00 - 5.50	108,360	110,175
Robert Wood Johnson University Hospital, Series 2013B	2043	Weekly	-	70,000
Robert Wood tofficially Hospital, Oches 2010B	2040	variable rate		70,000
Virtua Health, Series 2013	2029	3.00 - 5.00	139,555	140,020
RWJ University Hospital, Series 2014A	2043	5.00	55,925	55,925
RWJ University Hospital, Series 2014B	2043	variable rate	30,000	30,000
Barnabas Health Obligated Group,	2040	variable rate	00,000	00,000
Series 2014A	2044	4.25 - 5.00	129,925	129,925
Hunterdon Medical Center, Series 2014A	2045	4.00 - 5.00	42,735	42,735
University Hospital, Series 2015A	2046	4.125-5.00	254,975	254,975
Princeton Healthcare System, Series 2016A	2034	2.00 - 5.00	188,030	204,910
Inspira Health Obligated Group, Series 2016A	2034	2.00 - 5.00	177,765	
St. Joseph's Healthcare System, Series 2016	2036	3.00 - 5.00	246,845	
Trinitas Regional Medical Center Obligated Group, Series 2016A	2030	4.00 - 5.00	13,810	
AHS Hospital Corp., Series 2016	2036	3.00 - 5.00	224,800	-
RWJ Barnabas Health Obligated Group, Series 2016A	2036	3.50 - 5.00	679,135	-
Total public issues	2000	3.30 - 3.00	5,007,010	5,231,265
			3,007,010	5,231,205
Private placements CentraState Assisted Living, Inc., Series 1998	2018	4.3955	4,252	4,587
<b>3</b> , ,		Monthly	,	,
Bartley Assisted Living LLC, Series 2000	2025	variable rate	4,374	4,577
JFK Assisted Living Series 2001	2026	3.33	7,266	7,982
Shore Memorial Hospital Obligated Group,		Weekly		
Series 2009	2039	Indexed rate	26,565	27,135
		Weekly	,	,
Kennedy Health Facilities, Inc. Series 2009	2039	variable rate	14,399	14,752
Shore Memorial Hospital Obligated Group, Series 2010	2039	Indexed rate	13,300	13,610
St. Ann's Home for the Aged, Series 2010	2040	Indexed rate	10,717	10,937
Princeton HealthCare System, Series 2010 B	2041	Indexed rate	-	46,190
Princeton HealthCare System, Series 2010 C	2041	Indexed rate	-	84,335
Princeton HealthCare System, Series 2010 D	2041	Indexed rate	-	62,980
Bridgeway Assisted Living LLC., Series 2010	2020	Indexed rate	4,267	4,482
Virtua Health, Inc., Series 2011	2018	1.062-1.956	3,615	5,305
Shore Memorial Hospital, Series 2011	2022	4.86	7,929	9,159
2			1,020	0,100

## NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## J. REVENUE BONDS, NOTES AND MASTER LEASES (CONTINUED)

	Due in Varying	Range of Annual	Amount O	utetanding
	Installments	Interest Rate	Amount O	December 31,
Pour la contra de la contra del la	Ending	Percentages	2016	2015
Revenue bonds Private placements (Continued)			(\$000)	(\$000)
Meridian Health System Obligated Group, Series 2012 A	2033	Monthly variable rate	_	38,505
Meridian Health System Obligated Group, Series 2012 R	2038	Monthly variable rate	_	46,130
Meridian Health System Obligated Group, Series 2012 C	2038	Monthly variable rate	-	46,130
House of the Good Shepherd Obligated Group, Series 2012	2031	2.54 to 2022, 4.41 after	12,325	12,990
Wiley Mission, Series 2012 Lot A	2029	Monthly variable rate	8,626	9,159
Wiley Mission, Series 2012 Lot B	2022	Monthly variable rate	1,492	1,741
Children's Specialized Hospital, Series 2013A	2036	3.23	9,244	9,595
Children's Specialized Hospital, Series 2013B	2036	1.47	4,736	4,874
RWJ Health Care Corporation at Hamilton, Series 2013	2028	4.39	-	24,447
Shore Memorial Health Care System, Series 2013	2023	Indexed rate	13,785	15,315
Deborah Heart & Lung Center, Obligated Group, Series 2014	2023	4.28	10,253	13,983
CentraState Medical Center, Obligated Group, Series 2014A	2028	2.97	29,810	29,810
CentraState Medical Center, Obligated Group, Series 2014B	2018	1.50	3,620	5,790
CentraState Medical Center, Obligated Group, Series 2014C	2029	3.00	8,820	9,390
Hunterdon Medical Center, Series 2014B	2029	2.44	16,260	16,260
Hunterdon Medical Center, Series 2014C	2019	indexed rate	3,925	5,155
Hunterdon Medical Center, Series 2014D	2034	indexed rate	4,573	4,751
Children's Specialized Hospital, Series 2015	2029	2.7200	-	26,124
Hackensack University Med. Ctr., Ob. Grp., Series 2015A	2040	2.38	80,615	83,122
Samaritan Healthcare and Hospice, Series 2015	2040	2.6500	7,864	7,864
Meridian Health System Obligated Group, Series 2015A	2045	2.5000	125,306	129,639
Princeton Healthcare System, Series 2016B	2045	Indexed rate	65,000	-
Princeton Healthcare System, Series 2016C	2045	Indexed rate	20,000	-
Meridian Health System, Series 2016A	2038	Monthly variable rate	128,965	-
Holy Name Medical Center Obligated Group, Series 2016A	2030	2.63	39,425	-
Holy Name Medical Center Obligated Group, Series 2016B	2016	2.45	15,000	
Total private placements			706,328	836,805
Capital asset program	2025		E0 000	100,000
Total Capital Asset Program, Series A & B	2035		\$ 50,000 \$ 5,763,338	\$ 6,168,070
Total bonds payable			\$ 5,703,336	\$ 0,100,070
Equipment revenue notes				
Christian Health Care Center, Series 2013	2018	2.16	\$ 418	\$ 826
Christian Health Care Center, Series 2013	2018	2.16	90	179
Total equipment revenue notes			508	1,005
Master Leases				
St. Barnabas Medical Center, Dated March 30, 2012	2017	2.55	210	828
St. Barnabas Medical Center, Dated March 30, 2012	2017	2.55	211	835
Monmouth Medical Center, Dated March 30, 2012	2017	2.55	205	1,013
St. Barnabas Medical Center, Dated March 30, 2012	2017	2.55	168	828
Clara Maass Medical Center, Dated March 30, 2012	2017	2.55	91	359
Community Medical Center, Dated March 30, 2012	2017	2.55	142	563
Kimball Medical Center, Dated March 30, 2012	2017	2.55	51	203
Newark Beth Israel Medical Center, Dated March 30, 2012	2017	2.55	174	686
Community Medical Center, Dated November 14, 2012	2017	1.81	323	669
Newark Beth Israel Medical Center, Dated November 14, 2012	2017	1.81	275	570
Clara Maass Medical Center, Dated November 14, 2012	2017	1.81	342	710
Newark Beth Israel Medical Center, Dated February 28, 2013	2018	1.59	199	366
Barnabas Health Inc., Dated August 15, 2013	2018	1.61	884	1,402
Clara Maass Medical Center, Dated August 15, 2013	2018	1.61	435	692
Newark Beth Israel Medical Center, Dated August 15, 2013	2018	1.61	583	924
Monmouth Medical Center, Dated November 20, 2013	2018	2.14	355	535
Monmouth Medical Center, Dated January 13, 2015	2020	1.53	1,908	2,508
St. Barnabas Medical Center, Dated April 17, 2015	2022	2.02	3,715	4,368
St. Barnabas Medical Center, Dated February 25, 2016 Englewood Hospital & Medical Center, Dated July 28, 2016	2021 2028	1.46 1.79	1,109 24,841	-
Total master leases	2020	1.18	36,221	18,059
Total revenue bonds, equipment revenue notes and master leases			\$ 5,800,067	\$ 6,187,134
			- 0,000,007	- 0,107,104

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## J. REVENUE BONDS, NOTES AND MASTER LEASES (CONTINUED)

The aggregate maturities and interest payments of outstanding revenue bonds, revenue notes and master leases are as follows:

	 Principal		Interest		Total	
2017	\$ 151,710	\$	241,926	\$	393,636	
2018	161,424		249,942		411,366	
2019	160,985		242,180		403,165	
2020	161,969		234,407		396,376	
2021	167,344		226,251		393,595	
2022-2026	1,057,534		982,797		2,040,331	
2027-2031	1,203,754		711,017		1,914,771	
2032-2036	1,212,665		441,431		1,654,096	
2037-2041	1,008,537		203,970		1,212,507	
2042-2046	486,950		46,376		533,326	
2047-2051	27,195		1,642		28,837	
	\$ 5,800,067	\$	3,581,939	\$	9,382,006	

Several Authority bond issues are subject to periodic interest rate reset. Interest expense in future years, as reflected on the above schedule for variable rate bonds, is estimated based on rates in effect at or close to December 31, 2016.

#### K. COMPLIANCE WITH BOND PROVISIONS

Each bond issue has covenants stipulating certain financial ratios and permitted indebtedness limits with which the health care organizations must comply throughout the term of the related debt. The Authority has developed a compliance program to monitor the borrower's compliance with the terms and provisions of the related bond documents.

In the event an organization violates any of the said covenants, the bond documents outline various actions to be taken by the borrower, trustee and/or the Authority ranging from requiring an independent consultant's report related to the reasons for violations, to the appointment of a third-party to take over the management of the organization. If an "Event of Default," as defined in the Series Resolution, Trust Agreement, or the Authority's General Resolution does occur, the trustee may, and upon request of the required percentage of holders in principal amount of the outstanding bonds of the applicable series, shall declare the principal immediately due and payable from the respective borrower within thirty days of written notification to the Authority or the trustee.

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### K. COMPLIANCE WITH BOND PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)

The Authority routinely monitors the financial condition of all borrowers to determine compliance with the requirements pursuant to related bond documents. As of December 31, 2016 and 2015, there were the following Events of Default of the Authority's bond issues:

• On August 15, 2014, St. Mary's Hospital was acquired by a subsidiary of Prime Healthcare Services. As a result of the sale, the Authority received \$15,000,000 in exchange for canceling the mortgage and relieving St. Mary's of all other monetary obligations related to its loan agreement with the Authority and the bonds. The \$15,000,000 was deposited into an escrow account consisting primarily of State and Local Government Securities and, after accounting for interest earnings thereon, \$1,584,312 was used to pay towards the interest due on the St. Mary's bonds in equal payments of \$316,862 on each of the following interest payment dates: March 1, 2015, September 1, 2015, March 1, 2016, September 1, 2016 and will be used to pay \$316,862 in interest due on March 1, 2017. The remaining balance of \$13,650,000 in the escrow fund will be used to call a proportional share of bonds on March 1, 2017 for each maturity as follows:

2018 - \$ 630,000	2023 - \$1,445,000
2019 - \$1,200,000	2024 - \$1,510,000
2020 - \$1,250,000	2025 - \$1,570,000
2021 - \$1,310,000	2026 - \$1,640,000
2022 - \$1,375,000	2027 - \$1,720,000

The remaining portion of debt service on the St. Mary's bonds (after accounting for the above defeasance) is to be paid by the Treasurer of the State, subject to appropriation by the Legislature, in accordance with a contract entered into by the Treasurer pursuant to the Hospital Asset Transformation Program.

In February 2013, St. Michael's Medical Center ("St. Michael's") signed an Asset Purchase Agreement with Prime Healthcare Services. With the regulatory processes for the sale still pending, on August 10, 2015, St. Michael's declared bankruptcy and ceased making debt service payments. Prime became the stalking horse bidder for St. Michael's in bankruptcy and eventually won the court's approval to be the winning bidder with a bid of \$62,248,000, which is adjusted by a formula involving net working capital surplus and cash on hand. In June of 2016, the Authority agreed to a bankruptcy settlement amount of \$55,750,000 from the sale of St. Michael's to Prime. Of that, \$55,543,890 was deposited into a defeasance escrow account to defease a pro rata portion of the outstanding St. Michael's bonds in order to preserve the tax-exempt status of the bonds. The remaining \$206,110 was used to pay costs associated with the sale, including bankruptcy fees and expenses of the Master Trustee. The Authority will use the \$55,543,890 of the sale proceeds to defease a pro rata portion of each maturity of bonds on the first call date of October 1, 2018. The remaining portion of debt service on the St. Michael's bonds (which, after accounting for the above defeasance, will be a little over \$13,000,000 per year through 2038) is to be paid by the Treasurer of the State, subject to appropriation by the Legislature, in accordance with a contract entered into by the Treasurer pursuant to the Hospital Asset Transformation Program.

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### K. COMPLIANCE WITH BOND PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)

• East Orange General Hospital signed an Asset Purchase Agreement with the for-profit system Prospect Medical Holdings in May 2014. The deal received the required regulatory approvals (Certificate of Need and Community Health Assets Protection Act) during 2015. However, after the approvals were received, there were delays in closing the transaction. These delays forced East Orange General Hospital to declare bankruptcy in November 2015 to ensure that the hospital would have sufficient resources to close on the transaction. The issues between East Orange General Hospital and the sale closed on March 1, 2016. The East Orange bonds have been paid in full.

#### L. DEFEASED ISSUES

When conditions have warranted, the Authority has sold various issues of bonds to provide for the refunding of previously issued obligations.

The proceeds received from the sales of these bond issues are used to refund the outstanding bond issues or to deposit in an irrevocable escrow account held by an escrow agent, an amount which, when combined with interest earnings thereon, is sufficient to pay the principal and interest on the defeased bonds when due. The escrow accounts meet the criteria under generally accepted accounting principles for a refunding and, accordingly, the escrow account assets and liabilities for refunded bonds are not included in the Authority's financial statements.

Certain refundings result in annual debt service savings compared to the original debt service requirements. The debt service savings, together with any accounting gain or loss to be deferred, accrue to the respective organizations.

A summary of outstanding balances as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, by issue, is as follows:

## NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# L. DEFEASED ISSUES (CONTINUED)

	Due in Varying Installments	Range of Annual Interest Rate	Amount Outstanding December 31, 2016 2015			
	Ending	Percentages	2016	2015		
Defeased public issues			(\$000)	(\$000)		
Allegany Health-Our Lady of Lourdes,						
Series 1993 (currently a part of Catholic						
Health East)	2018	5.00 - 5.20	\$ 6,835	\$ 9,995		
The General Hospital Center at Passaic,						
Series 1994 (currently a part of						
AHS Hospital Corporation)	2019	6.00 - 6.75	16,065	20,760		
St. Clare's Hospital, Inc. Series 2004 A	2025	4.25 - 5.25	54,260	59,000		
Greystone Park Psychiatric Hospital Project,						
Series 2005	2017	3.75 - 5.0	8,135	8,135		
Chilton Memorial Hospital, Series 2009	2019	4.00 - 5.75	35,585	36,370		
Hunterdon Medical Center, Series 2006A	2016	5.00 - 5.25	-	21,525		
Hunterdon Medical Center, Series 2006B	2016	4.00 - 5.00	-	16,020		
AtlanticCare Regional Medical Center, Series 2007	2017	4.125-5.00	99,525	102,500		
Saint Barnabas Health Care System, Series 1998B	2023	0.00	34,883	-		
Saint Barnabas Health Care System, Series 2006A	2029	5.00	62,715	-		
Saint Barnabas Health Care System, Series 2006B	2017	0.00	78,249	-		
St. Joseph's HealthCare System, Series 2008	2018	5.75 - 6.625	218,490	-		
Robert Wood Johnson University Hospital, Series 2010	2020	2.00 - 5.00	104,455	-		
Barnabas Health, Series 2011A	2021	3.00 - 5.75	270,610	-		
Total defeased public issues			989,807	274,305		
Partially defeased public issues						
Saint Barnabas Health Care System,						
Series 1998 B (currently Barnabas Health, Inc.)	2023	0.00	-	17,413		
South Jersey Hospital, Series 2006	2016	5.00	-	1,800		
St. Mary's Hospital, Passaic, Series 2007-1	2017	4.00 - 5.00	13,650	13,650		
AHS Hospital Corp., Series 2008A	2018	Various	114,255	-		
Catholic Health East, Series 2010	2020	3.0 - 5.25	2,265	2,265		
AHS Hospital Corp., Series 2011	2021	4.00 - 6.00	120,115	-		
Hackensack University Medical Center, Series 2010B	2020	4.00 - 5.00	58,440	-		
Palisades Medical Center Obligated Group, Series 2013	2023	3.15 - 5.00	7,780	-		
St. Michael's Medical Center (HATP), Series 2008A	2018	5.00 - 5.25	48,885			
Total partially defeased public issues			365,390	35,128		
Total defeased issues			\$ 1,355,197	\$ 309,433		



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Members of the New Jersey Health Care Facilities Financing Authority

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the New Jersey Health Care Facilities Financing Authority ("Authority"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 26, 2017.

## **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purposes of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

MERCADIEN, P.C.
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Mercadien, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

May 26, 2017